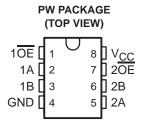
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- High-Bandwidth Data Path (Up to 500 MHz[†])
- 5-V Tolerant I/Os with Device Powered-Up or Powered-Down
- Low and Flat ON-State Resistance (r_{on})
 Characteristics Over Operating Range (r_{on} = 4 Ω Typical)
- Rail-to-Rail Switching on Data I/O Ports
 0- to 5-V Switching With 3.3-V V_{CC}
 0- to 3.3-V Switching With 2.5-V V_{CC}
- Bidirectional Data Flow, With Near-Zero Propagation Delay
- Low Input/Output Capacitance Minimizes Loading and Signal Distortion (Cio(OFF) = 3.5 pF Typical)
- Fast Switching Frequency (f_{OE} = 20 MHz Max)
 - † For additional information regarding the performance characteristics of the CB3Q family, refer to the TI application report, CBT-C, CB3T, and CB3Q Signal-Switch Families, literature number SCDA008.

- Data and Control Inputs Provide Undershoot Clamp Diodes
- Low Power Consumption (I_{CC} = 0.25 mA Typical)
- V_{CC} Operating Range From 2.3 V to 3.6 V
- Data I/Os Support 0 to 5-V Signaling Levels (0.8-V, 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, 5-V)
- Control Inputs Can be Driven by TTL or 5-V/3.3-V CMOS Outputs
- I_{off} Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
 2000 V. Human Body Model
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Supports Both Digital and Analog Applications: USB Interface, Differential Signal Interface, Bus Isolation, Low-Distortion Signal Gating



description/ordering information

The SN74CB3Q3306A is a high-bandwidth FET bus switch utilizing a charge pump to elevate the gate voltage of the pass transistor, providing a low and flat ON-state resistance (r_{on}). The low and flat ON-state resistance allows for minimal propagation delay and supports rail-to-rail switching on the data input/output (I/O) ports. The device also features low data I/O capacitance to minimize capacitive loading and signal distortion on the data bus. Specifically designed to support high-bandwidth applications, the SN74CB3Q3306A provides an optimized interface solution ideally suited for broadband communications, networking, and data-intensive computing systems.

ORDERING INFORMATION

| TA | PACKAGE [†] | | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING |
|---------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| -40°C to 85°C | TSSOP - PW | Tube | SN74CB3Q3306APW | BU306A |
| -40°C 10 65°C | 1330P – PW | Tape and reel | SN74CB3Q3306APWR | B0306A |

[†] Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design quidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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2.5-V/3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE, HIGH-BANDWIDTH BUS SWITCH

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description/ordering information (continued)

The SN74CB3Q3306A is organized as two 1-bit switches with separate output-enable $(1\overline{OE}, 2\overline{OE})$ inputs. It can be used as two 1-bit bus switches, or as one 2-bit bus switch. When \overline{OE} is low, the associated 1-bit bus switch is ON and the A port is connected to the B port, allowing bidirectional data flow between ports. When \overline{OE} is high, the associated 1-bit bus switch is OFF and a high-impedance state exists between the A and B ports.

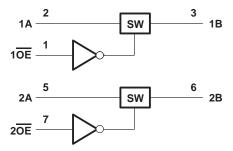
This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} circuitry prevents damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The device has isolation during power off.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

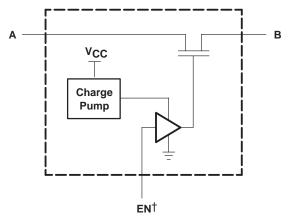
FUNCTION TABLE (each bus switch)

| INPUT OE | INPUT/OUTPUT A | FUNCTION |
|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| L | В | A port = B port |
| Н | Z | Disconnect |

logic diagram (positive logic)



simplified schematic, each FET switch (SW)



†EN is the internal enable signal applied to the switch.



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

| Supply voltage range, V _{CC} | 0.5 V to 4.6 V |
|--|--------------------|
| Control input voltage range, V _{IN} (see Notes 1 and 2) | 0.5 V to 7 V |
| Switch I/O voltage range, V _{I/O} (see Notes 1, 2, and 3) | $-0.5\ V$ to 7 V |
| Control input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _{IN} < 0) | –50 mA |
| I/O port clamp current, $I_{I/OK}$ ($V_{I/O}$ < 0) | –50 mA |
| ON-state switch current, I _{I/O} (see Note 4) | ±64 mA |
| Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND terminals | ±100 mA |
| Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 5) | 88°C/W |
| Storage temperature range, T _{stq} | 65°C to 150°C |

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
 - 3. V_I and V_O are used to denote specific conditions for V_{I/O}.
 - 4. II and IO are used to denote specific conditions for II/O.
 - 5. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 6)

| | | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------|---|-----|-----|------|
| Vcc | Supply voltage | 2.3 | 3.6 | V |
| | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$ | | 5.5 | ., |
| VIH | High-level control input voltage $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ | 2 | 5.5 | V |
| | Low-level control input voltage $ \frac{V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}}{V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}} $ | | 0.7 | ., |
| VIL | | | 0.8 | V |
| V _{I/O} | Data input/output voltage | 0 | 5.5 | V |
| TA | Operating free-air temperature | -40 | 85 | °C |

NOTE 6: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.



2.5-V/3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE, HIGH-BANDWIDTH BUS SWITCH SCDS113D - DECEMBER 2002 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2003

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PAF | RAMETER | TER TEST CONDITIONS | | | MIN | TYP† | MAX | UNIT |
|---------------------|-------------------|---|--|---|-----|------|------|------------|
| VIK | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V, | I _I = -18 mA | | | | -1.8 | V |
| I _{IN} | Control inputs | $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ | $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V}$ | | | | ±1 | μΑ |
| loz‡ | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V, | $V_O = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_I = 0,$ | Switch OFF, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND | | | ±1 | μА |
| l _{off} | | $V_{CC} = 0$, | $V_0 = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ | V _I = 0 | | | 1 | μΑ |
| Icc | | V _{CC} = 3.6 V, | $I_{I/O} = 0$, Switch ON or OFF, | $V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND | | 0.25 | 0.7 | mA |
| Δlcc§ | Control inputs | V _{CC} = 3.6 V, | One input at 3 V, | Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND | | | 25 | μΑ |
| ICCD¶ | Per control input | V _{CC} = 3.6 V, Control input switching | A and B ports open, at 50% duty cycle | | | 0.03 | 0.1 | mA/ MHz |
| C _{in} | Control inputs | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ | V _{IN} = 5.5 V, 3.3 V, or 0 | | | 2.5 | 3.5 | pF |
| C _{io(OFF} | =) | V _{CC} = 3.3 V, | Switch OFF, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND, | V _{I/O} = 5.5 V, 3.3 V, or 0 | | 3.5 | 5 | pF |
| C _{io(ON)} |) | V _{CC} = 3.3 V, | Switch ON, V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND, | V _{I/O} = 5.5 V, 3.3 V, or 0 | | 8 | 10.5 | pF |
| _ # | | V _{CC} = 2.3 V, | $V_{ } = 0,$ | $I_O = 30 \text{ mA}$ | | 4 | 8 | |
| | | TYP at V _{CC} = 2.5 V | V _I = 1.7 V, | $I_O = -15 \text{ mA}$ | | 5 | 9 | Ω |
| r _{on} # | | V _{CC} = 3 V | $V_{I} = 0$, | $I_O = 30 \text{ mA}$ | | 4 | 6 | 22 |
| | | VCC = 3 V | $V_1 = 2.4 V$, | $I_{O} = -15 \text{ mA}$ | | 5 | 8 | |

V_{IN} and I_{IN} refer to control inputs. V_I, V_O, I_I, and I_O refer to data pins.

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

| PARAMETER | FROM | TO | V _{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V | | V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | | UNIT |
|-------------------|---------|----------|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|------|
| | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| f <mark>OE</mark> | ŌĒ | A or B | | 10 | | 20 | MHz |
| t _{pd} ☆ | A or B | B or A | | 0.2 | | 0.2 | ns |
| t _{en} | ŌE | A or B | 1.5 | 6.5 | 1.5 | 5.5 | ns |
| t _{dis} | ŌĒ | A or B | 1 | 6 | 1 | 5 | ns |

Maximum switching frequency for control input ($V_O > V_{CC}$, $V_I = 5$ V, $R_L ≥ 1$ MΩ, $C_L = 0$)



[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted), $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

[‡] For I/O ports, the parameter IOZ includes the input leakage current.

[§] This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.

[¶] This parameter specifies the dynamic power-supply current associated with the operating frequency of a single control input (see Figure 2).

[#] Measured by the voltage drop between the A and B terminals at the indicated current through the switch. ON-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (A or B) terminals.

^{*}The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).

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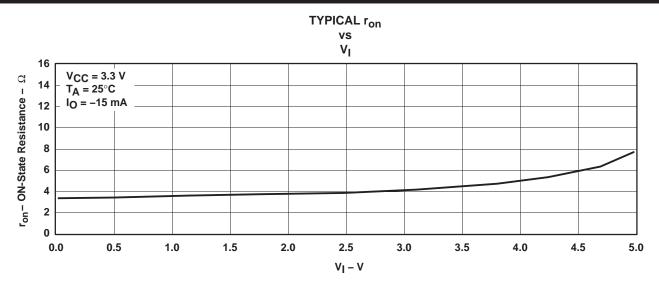


Figure 1. Typical r_{on} vs V_{I} , V_{CC} = 3.3 V and I_{O} = -15 mA

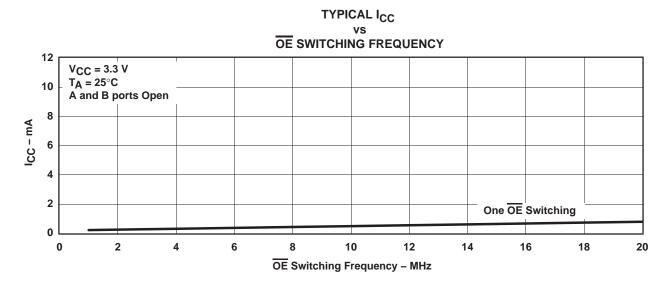
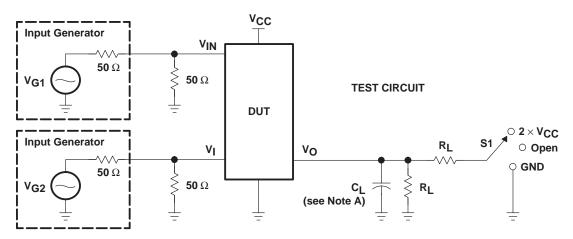


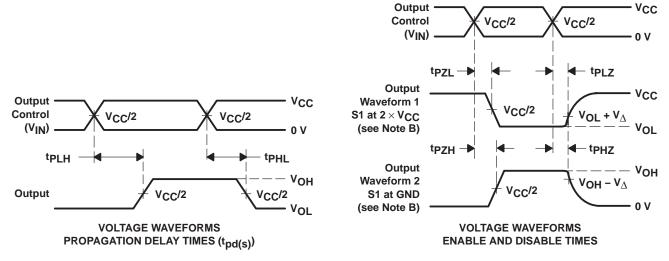
Figure 2. Typical I_{CC} vs $\overline{\text{OE}}$ Switching Frequency, V_{CC} = 3.3 V

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



| TEST | VCC | S1 | RL | VI | CL | $v_{\!\scriptscriptstyle\Delta}$ |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| ^t pd(s) | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | Open Open | 500 Ω 500 Ω | V _{CC} or GND | 30 pF 50 pF | |
| | | • | | V _{CC} or GND | • | |
| t _{PLZ} /t _{PZL} | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | 2×VCC 2×VCC | 500 Ω 500 Ω | GND GND | 30 pF 50 pF | 0.15 V 0.3 V |
| | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V | | 500 Ω | | • | 0.15 V |
| tPHZ/tPZH | 3.3 V ± 0.2 V | GND GND | 500 Ω | V _C C | 30 pF 50 pF | 0.15 V 0.3 V |



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

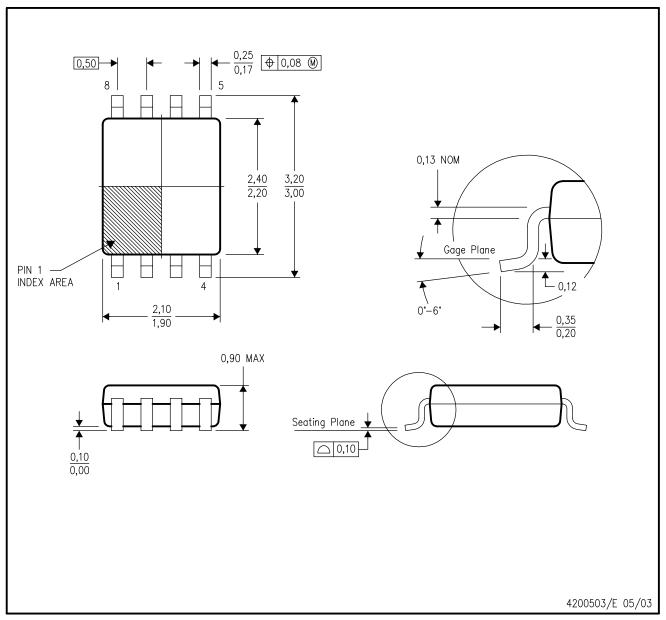
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns, $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpl 7 and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as $t_{pd(s)}$. The tpd propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

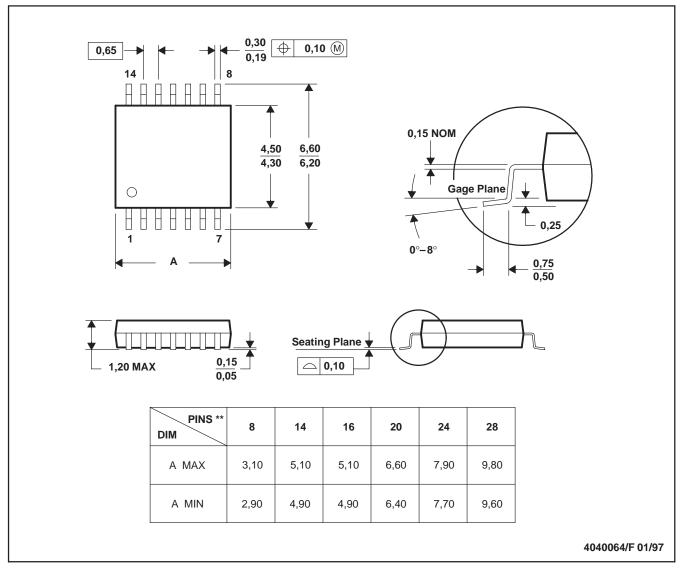
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



PW (R-PDSO-G**)

14 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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Mailing Address: Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

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